PURELY FUNCTIONAL PACKAGE MANAGEMENT WITH NIX

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WHO AM I

- OSS contributor
- haskell/python/javascript developer
- works on a hybrid dev/ops team
- prior LUGOD speaker (not about Linux)

PACKAGING: THE GOOD PARTS

- installs in one click/command
- automatic dependency resolution



there's just one problem



PACKAGING: THE BAD PARTS

- dependency hell
- obscure errors
- high maintenance costs

TL;DR PACKAGING IS HARD



PACKAGE MANAGERS

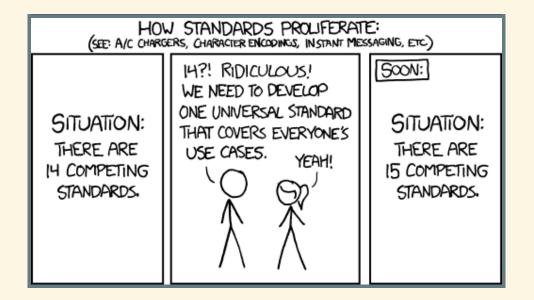
CHOICES (OS)

- dpkg/apt
- rpm/yum
- pacman
- homebrew
- mac ports
- various app stores

CHOICES (PL)

- easy_install
- pip
- go get
- maven
- npm
- rubygems
- sbt
- cabal
- package.el
- cpan
- pear
- pecl

DO WE REALLY NEED ANOTHER?



(via http://xkcd.com/927/)

INTRODUCING NIX

- new model for package management
- introduced in Eelco Dolstra's PhD Thesis (2006)
- based on functional programming principles

WHAT NIX OFFERS

- minimal and portable
- declarative
- reproducible builds
- deterministic

FUNCTIONAL PURITY

- Function takes inputs and produces output
- Ex: Addition takes two numbers and makes a new one
- 40 + 2 = 42

FUNCTIONAL PURITY

Most programming languages don't enforce this!

```
40 + 2 =
= new log file with debug output
= database calls
= HTTP service calls...
= 42, maybe?
```

NIX PACKAGES ARE PURE

- Input: other packages, configuration options
- Output: a package

EXAMPLE: GCC

/nix/store/r8vvq9kq18pz08v249h8my6r9vs7s0n3-gcc-4.

- inside the prefix: bin, lib, share, ... directories
- r8vvq9kq18pz08v249h8my6r9vs7s0n3 is a hash of function inputs

PURITY IN NIX

- no global install directories (/usr, /bin)
- /nix/store is immutable (mounted read-only)
- nix expressions cannot write to files

IMPURITY IN NIX

- packages can make network calls (curl/git clone/etc)
- race conditions in parallel builds
- stdenv on OS X depends on globals

EXAMPLE: NGINX

```
{ stdenv, fetchurl, fetchgit, openssl, zlib, pcre, libxml2, libxslt, expat }:
stdenv.mkDerivation rec {
  name = "nginx-${version}";
 version = "1.4.4";
  src = fetchurl {
   url = "http://nginx.org/download/nginx-${version}.tar.gz";
    sha256 = "lf82845mpqmhvm151fhn2cnqjqqw9w7cvsqbva9rb320wmc9m63w";
  };
 buildInputs = [ openssl zlib pcre libxml2 libxslt ];
  configureFlags = [ "--with-http spdy module" ];
  postInstall = "mv $out/sbin $out/bin";
 meta = with stdenv.lib; {
    description = "A reverse proxy and lightweight webserver";
   maintainers = [ maintainers.iElectric ];
   platforms = platforms.all;
   license = licenses.bsd2;
```

BINARY PACKAGES

- binary packages are built in hydra build farms
- purity lets us substitute pre-built packages based on the hash
- major speedups when installing on common platforms

ADD NIX TO YOUR WORKFLOW IN 2 DAYS

- Day 1: install a package
- Day 2: myEnvFun

DAY 1: INSTALLATION

```
$ curl -L http://git.io/nix-install.sh | bash
$ source ~/.nix-profile/etc/profile.d/nix.sh
$ nix-env -i nginx
```

DAY 2: CONFIG.NIX / MYENVFUN

Note: fun is for "functional" (having fun is optional)

```
# ~/.nixpkgs/config.nix
{
   packageOverrides = pkgs : with pkgs; {
      pyred2 = pkgs.myEnvFun {
          name = "pyred2";
          buildInputs = [ python27Full redis ];
      };

   pyred3 = pkgs.myEnvFun {
        name = "pyred3";
        buildInputs = [ python3 redis ];
      };

   };
}
```

Using myEnvFun

EASY TO UNINSTALL IF NEEDED

```
$ rm -rf /nix
$ rm -rf ~/nix-profile/
```

INTERMISSION

NIXOS

- Declarative config at the system level
- Nix as package manager
- Nix expressions to configure the OS

NIXOS

- stateless config management
- NixOS modules for services

CONFIGURATION.NIX

```
{ config, pkgs, ... }: with pkgs;
   networking.firewall.allowedTCPPorts = [ 8000 ];
   services.postgresql = {
     enable = true;
     package = pkgs.postgresq193;
     authentication = pkgs.lib.mkOverride 10 ''
         local postgres root ident
         host myuser myuser 127.0.0.1/32 password
         local all all ident
     initialScript = "bootstrap or something.sql";
   };
   environment.systemPackages = [ emacs24-nox git tmux ghc.ghc783 ];
```

ENFORCING GOOD HABITS

- Harder to make one-off hacks
- Config and build changes must be codified
- Example: add hosts to /etc/hosts

```
# configuration.nix
# will extend /etc/hosts
networking.extraHosts = ''
some_ip some_host
some_ip2 some_host2
'';
```

IS NIXOS FOR ME?

- maybe!
- requires learning nix/writing packages
- great IRC support but few docs/tutorials

IS NIX FOR ME?

- try it out!
- won't interfere with existing packages

REFERENCES

- NixOS.org
- Nix Package Manager Manual
- NixOS Manual
- Domen Kožar's 2014 Fosdem talk